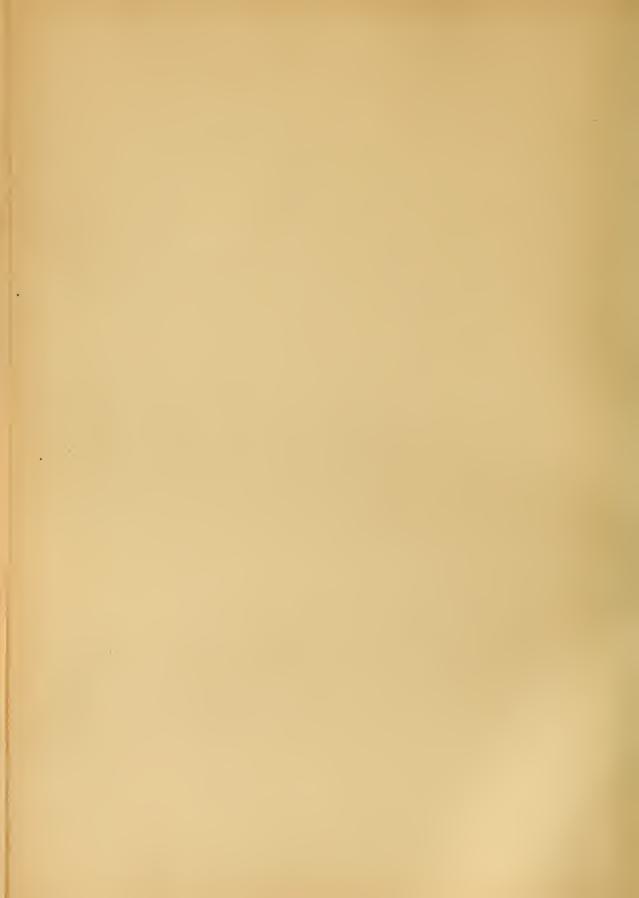




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The H. L. Dousman

S Luis, M.)

Collection of Paintings.

NOW ON EXHIBITION

41

The Lewitt Art Galleries, No. 817 Broadway.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The Sile will take place at Clinton Hall, Thursday and Friday Evenings, May 8th and 9th.



CATALOGUE

01

Mr. H. L. Dousman's

GALLERY OF

VALUABLE PAINTINGS,

NOW ON EXHIBITION

AT

The Leavitt Art Galleries, No. 817 Broadway,

AND WILL BE SOLD BY ACCITON

AI

CLINTON HALL, ASTOR PLACE,

On Thursday and Friday Evenings, May 8 & 9,

GEO. A. LEAVITT & CO., Auctioneers.

ABSOLUTELY WITHOUT RESERVE.

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

- 1. The Highest Bidder to be the Buyer, and if any dispute arise between two or more Bidders, the lot so in dispute shall be immediately put up again and re-sold.
- 2. The purchasers to give their names and addresses, and to pay down twenty-five per cent. on the dollar in part payment, or the whole of the Purchase money, if required, in default of which the Lot or Lots so purchased to be immediately put up again and re-sold.
- 3. Lots to be taken away at the Buyer's Expense and Risk within TWEN-TY-FOUR HOURS from the conclusion of the Sale, and the remainder of the Purchase money to be absolutely paid, or otherwise settled for to the satisfaction of the Venders, on or before delivery; in default of which Messrs. Geo. A. Leavitt & Co. will not hold themselves responsible if the Lots be lost, stolen, damaged or destroyed, but they will be left at the sole risk of the Purchaser.
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- 5. To prevent inaccuracy in delivery and inconvenience in the settlement of the Purchases, no Lot can on any account be removed during the Sale.
- 6. Upon failure of complying with the above conditions, the money deposited in part payment shall be forfeited; all Lots uncleared within the time aforesaid shall be sold by public or private Sale, without further notice, and the deficiency (if any) attending such re-sale shall be made good by the Defaulter at the Sale, together with all charges attending the same. This Condition is without prejudice to the right of the Auctioneers to enforce the contract made at this Sale, without such re-sale, if they think fit.

GEO. A. LEAVITT & CO.

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DEIR SIKS

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FOR SALE WILL BE SOLD TO THE LIGHEST BIDDLE

ARSOLUTELY, WILHOUT RESERVE.

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11. L DOCSMAN

ARTISTS REPRESENTED.

Alvarez. 26. Amberg. 27. Aubert. 28. Apol. 13. Bouguereau. 52. Bachereau. 29. Beauquesne. 22. Brissot de Warville. 7 Bullner. 17. Bartolini. 57. Bruck-la-Jos. 94.

Clays. 32. Constant. 33,-34. Coomans. 35. Corot. 23. Chlebowski. 31. Czachorski. 36. Chase. 10.

De Neuville. 38. Dupré, Jules. 42. Delobbe. 24. Dupré, Julien. 39. De Vos. 37. Duran. 40,-41. Daubigny. 91. Diaz. 92.

Ferare. 4.

Gues. 43. Grolleron. 44. Gaisser. 18. Gardell. 12. Girard. 95.

Hagborg. 45. Heilbuth. 46. Heilmeyer. 8.

Indoni. 47. Isabey. 98.

Jourdan. 48.

Kray. 49,-50,-51.

Lecomte-du-Nouy. 76. Leloir. 77. Lagye. 30. Lamotte. 15. Lafon. 1.

Muller. 100. Max, 78,-79. Mouchot. 5. Madrazo. 80,-81. Mesgrigny. 82. Magnus. 6. Moreau. 83. Meyer-von-Bremen. 96. Villegas. 89. Micas. 97.

Nakken. 11.

Millet. 93.

Outin. 84. Oppenoorth. 14.

Palmaroli. 65,-66. Parrot-Lecomte. 75. Perrault. 64. Peraire. 19.

Poilpot. 16. Pecquereau. 54.

Quinsac. 21.

Richter. 67. Rico. 68. Rossi. 69. Richardson. 53,-53a.

Schreyer. 72. Schenck. 71. Stanick. 2. Schaefels. 70. Schmiechen. 73. Simoni. 58,-59,-60-61,-62,-63.

Toulmouche. 85. Terrasa. 74.

Vely. 86. Von Marcke. 88. Verboeckhoven, 20. Verheyden. 87. Vanderguth. 9. Verlat. 25. Von Boskirk. 56.

Weber. 3. Wagner. 90.

Ziem. . 99 Zamacois. 55.

CATALOGUE.

FIRST EVENINGS SALE.

SUM	1		
FRANÇOIS LAFON, Paris			
	Pu il f his Father		125
105	The Sisters.		
	1-1 ₂ × 21 ¹ ₂		
4 67 4 1	2		
A. SIAN	ICK,	Munich	1
180	CK,		151
, , ,	1∪ X 12		
	3		
M. WEB	<i>ER</i> ,	Munick	
100	A Morning Stroll.		15
	12 X 24		

CECILE FERARE, . . . Paris

The Acceptance.

18½ x 22½

135

Autumn. Forest of Fontainebleau.

21½ x 16½

F. BRISSOT DE WARVILLE, . Paris

P C C

9/10.

M 1882 H = C = pur

4 TU

210

Landscape and Sheep.

29 X 211

R. HEILMEYER, Munich

170

Venice.

36 x 2 14

9

V. VANDERGUIII.

Paris

On the French Coust.

50 A-14 M

HARRY CHASE, A. N. A., . New York

Pupil of Mesdag.

400

On the Flemish Banks.

30 x 50

200

11

W. C. NAKKEN, . . . The Hague

The Village Blacksmith.

12

ANNA GARDELL, .

Twilight.

Low

L. APOL,

· · · The Hague

270

Medu, Luge, 1871. G. I. M. dal, The Hagu., 1872 Si^L r Melal, Amsterlam, 1874. M. dal, Philadelphia, 1876. Melal, Venice, 1881.

2.

A. Cloudy Day.

14

W.M. OPPENOORTH,

The Hague

50

Landscape.

150

15

A. LAMOTTE,

Brussels

0321.

Pufl f Cliv

A Quiet Day on the Maas.

2/1 X 241

2-1

= 171

CHAS. POILPOT.

. . . Brussels

100 25 not tol A Mother's Contentment.

1779

16

16 x 22

17

40 H. BUTTNER, . . . Munich

A Gallant Companion.

10½ x 7

18

M. GAISSER, . . . Munich

A Good Hand.

18 x 14

P. PERAIRE.

Paris.

Pupil of Isakes and Lumin is

Madal, 1880. Exempt.

2 1

Banks of the Marne.

36 x 18

20

E. VERBOECKHOVEN, dec'd,

Metals, 1824. '30, '34, '41, '52.

Legion f Honor, 1845.

Chesa ver f the Order of Leopold of Belgium, St. Michael of Bavaria and
Christ of Portugal. Desorated with the Iron Cr ss.

Member of the R val Acidemies of Belgium, Antwerp and St Petersburg

Landscape and Cattle.

This is a fine example of the united work of the late Eugene Joseph Verboeckhoven and Samuel Leonidas Verveer. The landscape of the painting is executed by the last named, and the animals by the former. In the foreground of the picture a peasant woman is driving a flock of sheep and some cattle home for the night. These are excellent examples of Verboeckhoven's work. The little herd have stopped at the brink of a pool to water. One of the cows is drinking, another has turned its back upon the brook at which it has been refreshed, while the other is lowing as if demanding a night of rest. All seem imbued with life and action.

Verveer's share of the picture is an admirable specimen of the landscape painting of the modern Dutch school, while the animal life of Verboeckhoven

illustrates the best type of scenic Belgian art.

Verboeckhoven, who was born at Warneton in 1799, was regarded as one of the best continental animal painters. He was also favorably known by his portrait work, and, as a sculptor, made a reputation. His statue of "Meditation" has been claimed to possess "a good degree of ment." Verveer saw the light at The Hague in 1513, and ded in 1576. He was declarated with several orders and also obtained a medal at Philadelphia. His views of Amsterdam, Rutterdam and Burges are well known, as well as his genre subjects, such as the "Salmon Fishers," the "Departure for the Market 'etc.

P. QUINSAC,

Pupil of Gérome.

From the Paris Salon, 1883.

The Model.

24 x 32

22

W. C. BEAUQUESNE, .

Paris

250

Pupil of Horace Vernet and Emile Lecompte.

12 X 15

J. B. C. COROT, decid.

Paris

\$ 2711

Medals, 1838, '48, '55, '67, 1E, U. 1 Charlier of Order of Legin of Hone, 1846, O'er of Order of I gin of Hone, 1867.

Dipl ma t the Mem ry of Deca el Artists, Experimen Universelle, 1878

Landscape.

Corot's paintings need no eulogy. They speak for themselves, not only in pantheistic grandeur, but in all the quicture of the calm of solitude, and in a mysterious sense of poetic, absorbing fantasy. In the words of the eminent art critic, Jarves, in his "Art Thoughts"—"Corot's paintings challenge no carping criticism. Their tendency is to make one forget it in tranquil enjoyment. They fall upon the eye as distant mel dy upon the ear, captivating the senses and inspiring the sentiments. Contemplation too, and sympathetic reception of Nature's language are quickened by his compositions. They are no transcripts of scenery, but pictures of the mind. To soothe, to give repose, to evoke dreamy sentiment—such is their mission."

21

F. A. DELOBBE,

150

M In 1 74 75
Hr Cn ur

1-5

Musing.

361, x 45

J7150

C. VERLAT,

Paris

Medals, 1853, '55, '61. Legion of Honor, 1868.

10

150

Wake Up.

8 x 10

26

LUIS ALVAREZ,

. Rome

14000

The Marriage of Paolina Bonaparte to Prince Borghese.

27 X 4

What a host of remembrances this picture brings to the mind! It is an incident in the marriage of a modern Roman patrician whose family traditions date back to the time of the twelve Cæsars. The bride is only the daughter of a simple Corsican attorney, but her brother made Europe tremble at his footstep. It is the union of the highest type of blue-blood aristocracy with the offspring of modern Titanic strength and power proceeding from the loins of Eighteenth Century democracy.

Prince Borghese has just been married to the sister of Napoleon Bonaparte. The bride is arrayed in the white satin and gold embroidery of the empire, and is leaning on the arm of her newly wedded spouse. She looks every inch a princess, while he has cast aside the princely Roman habit, and is attired in the court costume of the First Empire. On his breast hangs the grand cross of the Legion of Honor, pendant from the red sash and ribbon of the order.

The princely blazon of the Borghese has given way to the Napoleonic bees

which stud his mantle.

A faithful servitor, clad in the colors of the house, is kissing the hand of his prince. At the foot of the staircase two pages of noble birth offer, on behalf of

the Roman Senate, a basket of flowers to the newly married pair

On the right hand of the picture, music is discoursing its sweet sounds, to which move the stately steps of the guests who are descending the grand staircase. The procession is passing under the statue of a nude who, as representative of Ancient Rome, presents fragrant sweets to the wedding cortege. The

17/10

chisel of Phidias is doing reverence to the modern Venus whom Antonia Can va

honored by accepting as a model.

There is a wonderful wealth of color in this composition, and befits the delineation of the nuptials of a noble son of blue-skied Italy to a daughter of the Mediterranean. The superb decorations of the princely minision standout in a blaze of gold and white, which are relieved by the inellow of the arm rial cognizance that stands out in bold relief in the centre of the picture. All is light and sunshine. The varying shades of the silks and satins of high born dames, the gay court costumes of the nobles and the ecclesiastical purple of the Catholic Church, all help to assist in presenting a richitest and delicacy of color which is only equalled by carefulness in the minutiae of detail

The following letter sent by the artist with his picture, explains more par-

ticularly the incidents depicted in this grand work :-

Rome, February 12, 79.

My dear Sir:—In forwarding you my picture representing "The Wedding of Paolina Borghese," I think it will please you, if I give you a hint about the diff-

erent personages represented in it.

Pao ina Borghese was Napoleon the First's sister, who was celebrated for her beauty and for having sat before the renowned Sculptor Canova, to make the statue of the "Victorius Venus," now existing in the Borghese Gallery in Rome; she was married to Prince Borghese, then Governor of Piris. I have chosen the moment when the just married couple descend from the Chapel and crossing the ante chamiler, direct themselves to the apartments of the interior. They are there met by two pages of the Roman Senate, in whose name they present a large basket of flowers to the sister of the mighty Emperor, while the Chief Servant kisses the Prince's hand as a mark of respect and congratulation; the bride and bridegre m are followed by the ricelations, and standing witness s to their marriage, the Princes Bonnparte; behind these and still on the stairs fill in the Princess Rospigli sa, to whom the Spanish Ambassad r is speaking, then the Princess Bart rim with her daughter and a young son, the Sculpter Canona. a Bishop and other distinguished gentlemen and Roman Princes invited to the cerein my, aim ngst them an officer of the French Army. On the right hand of the stair landing place is stationed a livery servant to clise the pass reserved to the Itt e mus cal concert, which every Prince then possesse l.

In the group of Gentlemen and Princes whose costumes are vigorously historical, and have been gracously lent me by the Prince Borghese him of only possessor, I en leaving the establish the contrast between the more ancient fastion of and fail died red dresses of the ones, and the rich fashionable costumes of the

French Empire, of the others.

The half is really historical and exists in the family palic, whose coat-it-

arms I paced in the mulst of the tapestry in the center of the picture.

I flatter myself that my picture will be a lm retained will obtain the same approbation it has met with here, of the many visiturs come to my studio to see it, it en indeed I shall have attained the greatest rowerd I alm at, nom with that my works may must the taste of the learned and intelligent American Peque and lovers of the line arts.

The intelligence of the arrival of the picture will greatly by rame, which I remain with more her or deration,

Your devoted friend,

LUIS ALVAREZ

TASU

WILHELM AMBERG,

Berlin

Putil of Herbig, Karl Begas and Leon Cogniet.

Professor and Member of the Academy of Bertin.

Dolce far Niente.

25 X 35

20

28

ERNEST JEAN AUBERT,

Paris

Pupil of Paul Delaroche.

*

Prix de Rome, 1844.

Medals, 1857, '59, '61, and at Paris Exposition, 1878.

100

\$ 3000

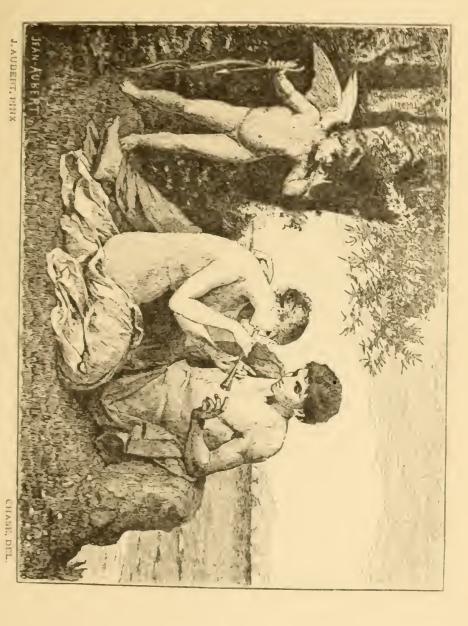
The Lesson in Harmony.

35 X 45

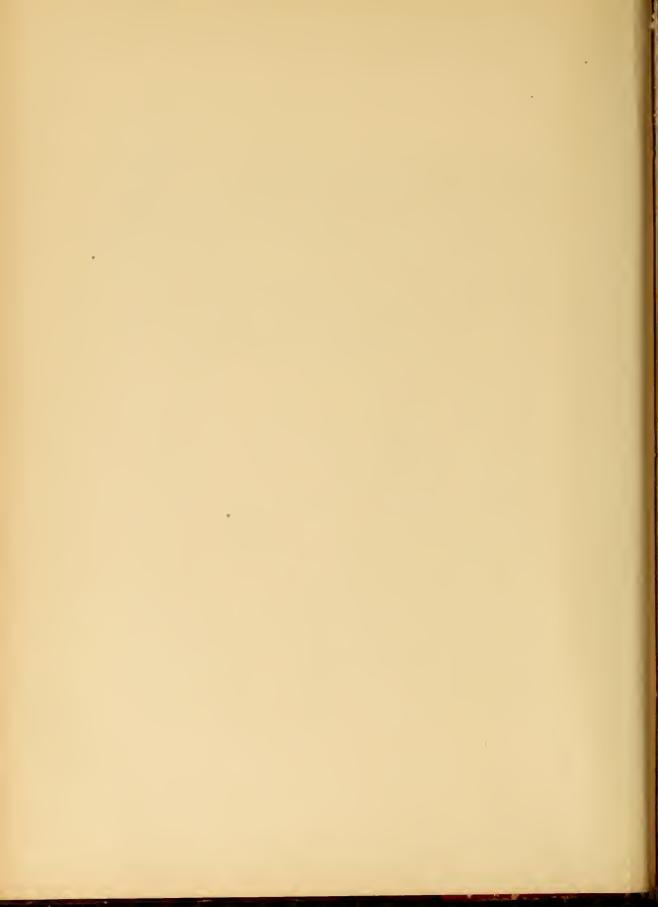
Delaroche's pupil Jean Ernest Aubert appears to the best advantage in this Hellenic study. A young Greek girl is learning what Shakespeare termed "the lascivious music of a lute." Her instructor is a youthful Orpheus, who is as much interested in her progress as the little Cupid who is standing in the rear and accompanying the absorbed pair. Love, light and music blend together in this picture. The background of the painting tells us that the blue Mediterranean waves are murmuring soft sounds of ecstasy to the enthralled couple. Cupid leaning on his bow temporarily assists in the "Lesson of Harmony," as a performer, but he is too near a neighbor for the happy pair. The kneeling maiden is awakening not only the delicious melody of the musical instrument, but is also attuning the birth of love in the heart of her instructor. With Cupid nigh their danger is imminent, and he will doubtless be the victor in the end. Orpheus will be van quished by Love.

8950

1/3/1



THE LESSON IN HARMONY.



5-3-1-0

VICTOR BACHEREAU.

Paris

Pur f.M. G. Dall.

The Last Hours of Francois de Lorraine.

\$1100

(Dake of Gulse.)

g up,

31 X 44 12

The dying Francis | Lorraine, Dake of Guise, has had his assassin, John Patrot. Land of More, throught be are him. He is now asking his murderer why he committed so four a lead. The assassin faces his victim fearlessly, with the consciousness of having performed a deed in the interests of Protestantism, which will bring his body to the turture and his head under the executioner's axe

It is a scene that Fr nch distorians have ing red over, and which the won

derful trus ... Biche eau tells us in equally vivid language.

The Duke knows that the hand of d ath is upon him. Neither the tears of his known 10 cases. Anne of Este, nor the sorrowing heart of his thirteen-year-olds in Honry. Prince of now be, nor the prayers of his brother the Cardinal of Guise. Eshap if Metz can save him. The ferce visages of the armored soldiery, which the murite of an indeman, the reproachful look of the old physician in attenuate and the horror strick in plays of the gallant counters make up a witer. It has remember and power of dimeation which mark this as a great is used with art. The ngures of the person ges in the picture all tell their sorror of the surror of the sixteenth century, which is the tended field. The or chall carpoon the tapestry hangings, the emission of the surror of the armoral bearings of the sold hosting of the surror of the armoral bearings of the sold hosting of the great nobles and monarchs of France, the Lundred veals ago.

The Dike Guise, in the 15th of February, 1563, while on the way to ment his will all aving but his army before Or cans, which he was then besieging, was a serial. Sudding his left himself struck in the right shoulder by a shift of mind a heage. He said as soon as he apprehended what had

hatter of:

"That's a least on a keeping or me a long while. I deserve it for not have a telenger rautions.

H s for your to be when taken to his death bed, were:

· I am v x d at t r the on r of France.'

If the third is 24 th of Francis, 1563, and his last words were, after receiving the comments of the Church and when offered food to sustain his increasing weakness:

1241-1

9/0 "Away, away, I have taken the manna from heaven whereby I feel myself so

comforted that it seems to me as if I were already in paradise.' John Poltrot was sentenced to the regicidal punishment. He was executed

on the 18th of March, 1563, on the Place de Greve. During his death struggles he said:

"For all that he is dead and gone—the persecutor of the faithful—he will not come back again."

30

VICTOR LAGYE,

Brussels

Pupil of Baron Leys.

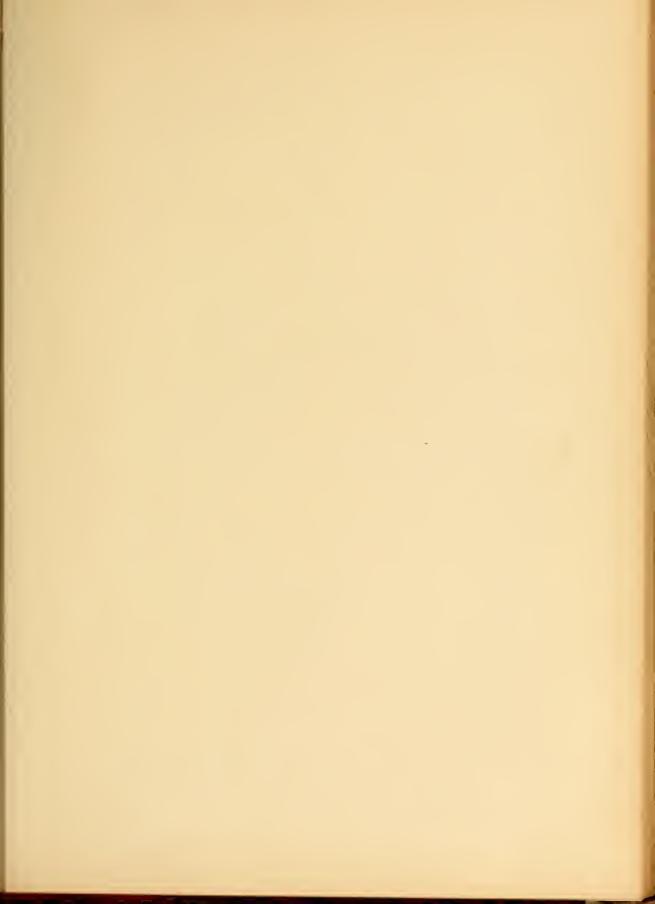
Medal at Centennial Exposition, Philadelphia, 1876. Chevalier of the Order of Leopold. Gold Medal, Brussels, 1860.

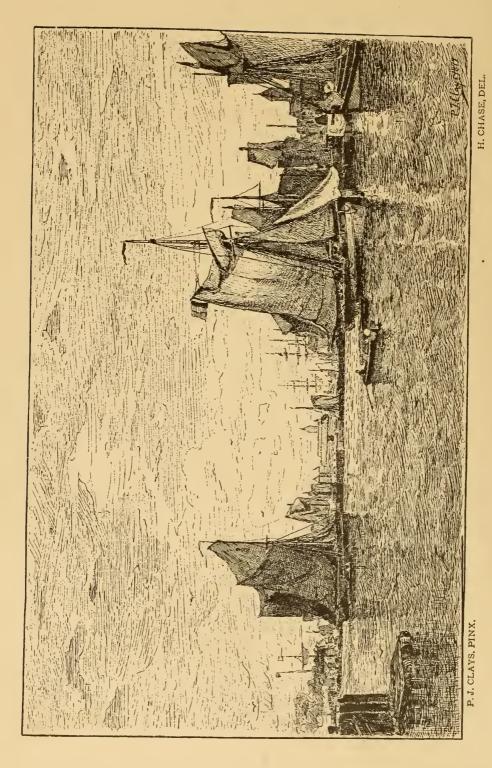
The Departure.

10 X 24

This fifteenth century study presents us with an amusing scene of old Belgian life. Donned in new apparel, a Toledo blade by his side and his hat perched sideways, this cavalier is twirling his mustache to a rakish point. He is admiring himself in a mirror. His wife and little child are disregarded. He only thinks of his fine bravery and imagining the conquests over female hearts he will make when he sallies forth. Standing behind the seated wife is a faithful woman servitor who is as much amused at the airs, graces, antics and acts of her master as his wife is. The painter is a pupil of the great master Leys and displays all the force and vigor of that artist.

1930





THE PORT OF OSTEND.

ST. CHLEBOWSKI,

&431-

Pupil of Gerome.

Femmes Arabes chez un Marchand de Tapis.

75 , ~ 1 00

M. St. Chlebowski in this picture has given us a scene familiar to oriental travellers. A vendor of rugs is exhibiting to a group of Arab women, a carpet, which he feels confident, will commend itself to his lady purchasers. The artist has chosen a street in Cairo to locate his story in colors. The old merchant recognizes that an important moment has arrived in the transaction, which his attendant is looking after. A bargain is near consummation. Although he seems so stolid, the mouthpiece of his chibouque is disregarded and his eye is furtively watching the favorite wife of the Sheikh, who is closing up her barter. Perhaps she is purchasing for her husband a rug upon which will be paid his devotions as he wends his way to the Sacred Kaaba at Mecca, or it may be for the purpose of lolling upon indolently in her tent, along with the rival wife, who is doubtless jalous of the right, which the favorite has had permitted her, the duty of buying a new ruz.

32

PIERRE FEAN CLAYS, . . Brussels

11865

O Medal at Paris Exposition, 1807, 70.

Checalier f the Legion of Honor, 1875, and of the Order of Leopold.

The Port of Ostend.

Clays has long been recognized as the great modern European exponent of water. Ménard says:—"He knows its clearness and he knows how to render the little noisy waves all bathed in light." This view in the port of Ostend exemplifies the same freshness and true tone, which the same French art critic regards as so a luring. Paul Mantz holds: — The water has found in Clays a marve ously exact painter; he gives it movement, limpidity, life, and with happy talent he knews the spots where the sun's rays cross it to fill it with light." This specimen of the easel of Clavs shows how Flemish he is in his marine wirk, but which he repuliates in landscape, where he has been considered most approximate to the Dutch school. There never was a greater marine painter on the continent of Europe, in this century, than Peter John Clays.

33

BEN7AMIN CONSTANT,

Medals, 1875, '76, and at Paris Exposition, 1878. Chevalier of the Legion of Honor, 1878.

La Fille de Cesar. //W

14 X 21

Benjamin Constant gave an indication in this picture of the Orientalism which he now accepts as his proper art labor. Of late years he has preferred Eastern subjects to European. In this painting of "Cæsar's Daughter," although the Coliseum and its white togaed spectators are in the background, yet, in the fore, an African female slave is bestrewing with roses the oriental carpet, which covers the steps her imperial mistress is descending. Cæsar's daughter, garbed in cloth of gold, bedecked with jewels and with a haughty stamp of her dainty feet, is making her way to the allotted seat, where she and her Emperor father will gleefully watch the sport of Christian martyrs thrown to the lions and gladiators mimic war in hideous strife for a smile from the imperial seats. Perhaps in a few minutes the life of some conquered slave will be trembling in the balance, and depending upon her kind word in the ear of her imperial parent, or upon the movement of her thumb.

34

The Sultan's Favorite. 2 w

38 x 52

There is a gorgeous richness of color to be seen here. In the lines of Byron:

"A dazzling mass of gems, and gold, and glitter

Magnificently mingled in a litter,

Wealth had done wonders-taste not much; such things occur in Oriental palaces."

The Sultan's favorite is reclining on a divan. Her dreamy, voluptuous eyes, her jewel bedecked fingers, her dark-green satin robe encircled with a silken girdle, her gem embroidered slippers, as well as her pose, all shoulder and hip, display a nervous lassitude, to which even the highest who follow the sensualistic doctrines of the Koran are doomed. The healthy delights of nature visible from the open window are not for her. She is a creature hanging on a sultan's favor, and whose life may be cut short in an hour by the bow-string. Her silken-apparelled and jeweled slaves on the right are probably jealous of her. They hope to fill the place she occupies with its glittering, yet debasing-magnificent, yet truly miserable-environment.

162,0

10

PIERRE O. F. COUMANS, .

Paris.

M 12 at Bruse's, 1848, The High, 1859 and at Metz, 1861, R wen, 1863, Chai'er of the Orle of L. pll.

La Coupe de l'Amitie.

1000

22 X 3312

A bacchanal an group which would have delighted the soul of Petronius Arbiter is offered in this composition. The luxurious refinement of the Roman patrician is depicted in a liven littrent ways in this plinting. The e bicchina's are enwing a symp sum sur un. I by fimite musicians, lancers, innocent little couldren with their tows and decised women, rightly chall. We are recalled to pre-Christ in times when drunkenness was a virtue and lasciviousness a creed. The banquit is at its heart the efficient with the first and the first place of the feather brows does not be with the salaries and the feather brows does not be the feather brown the fe cup it also with an inhient and seit I Aspis'a, one of whise hands I speak fin The other toys with the head of a splonx. The two other in the figures exhibit the incidence of the Filternian. The one to the right with the face of a latter in the ring a poar to a little authurn haired girl, who is clad in a dapoon or a To ther I cohang, a write haired augur, is with upraised arm calling u n Bacc us to lear pit us.

The angult ta growns an rray freened were I and highly finished crys al war. A brief rife in mailing its fell mint in ence to the mestrils of the revers who may get the report in The internal ecomits in sexual threse es fa P impe an caracter will har wellkn in the students of the Naples Museum.

This paint no is I only finished. The technique is pirfet.

17212

CZACHORSKI,

Paris

* 475

The Turk's War Booty.

36

17 x 26½

This is a sequel to the bloodshed, rapine and murder which are now desolating Egypt, and always follow in the wake of the Mohammedan gospel of the sword. A Turk, after one of his sanguinary frays, has succeeded in obtaining booty. He has despoiled an Arab sheikh of his treasures. Mingled with horse saddles, arms, rugs and other loot, lies a beautiful captive. The searching light of day exposes the lately carefully hidden beauties of her naked form. She has been the favorite of her lord, whose Arab steed has already met its death or has been consigned to a strange stable. The pride of the haarem will shortly be consigned to the living tomb, where some hoary débauché will confine her in a splendid prison and where lust wallows in shameful ways.

37

21, V. DE VOS.

Norwegian Bull-Dog and Scotch Terrier.

I2 X 17

17620





A. DE NEUVILLE, PINX.

H. CHASE, DEL.

ВЕБЕЛЕИЕ ВЕВ.

ALPHONSE DE NEUVILLE, . Pari

Pupil of Pr. 1.

Medals, 1859 and 1851. CTanier of the Legin of Hinr, 1873.

Beleaguered.

28 x 39

Alphonse de Neuville is the great lattle picture painter of this generation. His fertile brush has depicted numerons subjects descriptive of episodes in the Franco-Pruss an war and in which he took a part. These always bring high prices. In this painting five French soldiers of the line are beleaguered. They are fighting a host of Prussians. One of the five heroes is wounded and will shortly help to fid, perchance, the same grave that is destined for his dead comrade, who lies outstretched in the foreground, face downward, biting the dust and plucking the grass by the roots in his death throes. The haze of smoke, the fiery glow from burning homes, obscure, yet light up the scene. Standing in front of this picture one can almost smell powder. The Zouave to the right, sending death from his chassepot, seems hving and breathing. His red head gear is typical of carnage and bloodsheld. Ernest du Vergier de Hauranne's summing up of De Neuville's work can apply to the details of the effects produced in this work of art:—"He has freedom, audacity, movement, truth of physiognomy, truth of gesture, truth of color at the end of his brush, and all without visible effect."

IVEOVILI

1820

JULIEN DUPRÉ,

92000

Honorable Mention, 1879. Medals, Salon, 1880, '81.

Noonday Rest.

32 x 26

Julien Dupré is here at his very best. Three peasants have been working hard from early sunrise making hay. Now comes the time for the noonday rest. To the French peasant it means true comfort and a petit boire. One of the haymakers, a typical French village maiden, is pouring out the vin ordinaire. The rustic with wooden sabots to whom she is giving a mug of the good French wine will enjoy that drink with as great satisfaction as the Lord of the Domain. It is the reward of honest work, the solace necessary for a morning well performed. His male companion, from whose pipe bowl the smoke is wreathing, looks as happy and jolly as his friend and co-laborer. This is a fine example of Julien Dupre's brush.

40

CAROLUS DURAN.

Paris

9-110

7 7 7 2

Medals, 1866, '69, '70. Chevalier of the Order of Leopold. Chevalier of the Legion of Honor, 1872. Medal, Paris Exposition, 1878. Medal of Honor, 1879.

Oriental Woman.

14 x 25 1/2

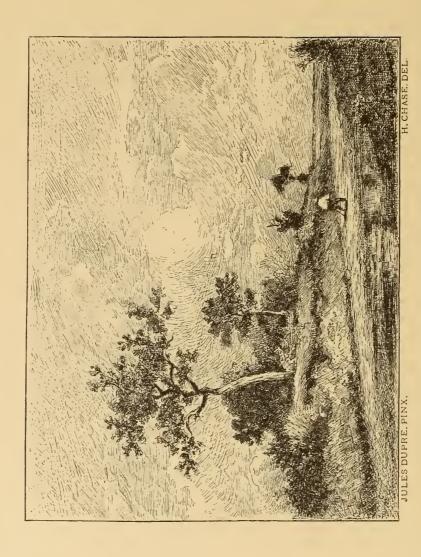
41

Head of a Girl. 3 w

2/0



HUTUMN MORNING.



JULES DUPRE,

Paris

2

1600

I gin f Hon r, 1849.
Officer of Legin of H nor, 1870.
Medals, 1833 and 1867

Autumn Morning.

3215 x 261.

This is a remarkable production of Jules Dupré. It is a morning in autumn. The sun is hidden by the clouds which betoken a coming storm. Along the highway tramps a white bloused peasant. He is hurrying in the face of the gusty winds which are about to rise from the north. It is one of those strange effects which have made Jules Duprés reputation as a great master of the French school. The perspective is there; the clouds are there; the very leaves shiver in the tremulous blast, and the sluggish water-pool by the roadside exhibit those qualities which Théophile Gautier loved to dwell upon in the works of this mas-. ter, who graduated from the porcelain factory to the studio. He wrote of Duprés works: "We are no more accustomed to these superb extremes, to this excess of strength, to this overflowing of power, to these full-faced struggles with nature. This excessive scale dazzles the eyes habituated to the sober regime of gray." Ménard considers Dupré one of the "grandest colorists in landscape which the contemporaneous school has produced."

43

ALFRED GUES,

F4412-4-

Pupil of Ger me

Courtship.

11 X 1812

Paris

26325.

A. GROLLERON,

* 305

Pupil of Bonnat. Honorable Mention, 1882.

The Wounded Soldier.

11 x 16

45

AUGUSTE HAGBORG, YN Paris

P730

Medal, 1879. Chevalier of the Legion of Honor, 1879.

Waiting for Papa.

25 X 34

46

FERDINAND HEILBUTH,

Medals, 1857, '59, '61. Chevalier of the Legion of Honor, 1861.

The Morning Mail.

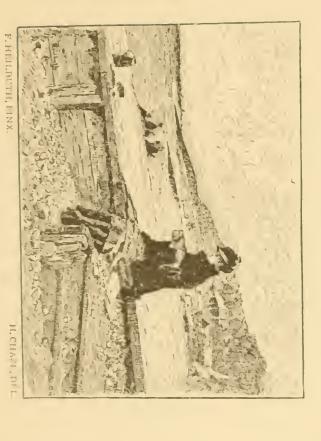
29 x 36 1/2

The morning mail has just come in at a seaside watering place. A young lady cons the news from home. She is sitting alone with her letter and the thoughts it conjures up. She is intently engaged in reading and all her energies are absorbed. Utterly regardless of the low murmurs of the sea which is gradually ebbing, she has no desire for the beauties of the shore or the blue horizon where ocean kisses sky. Miles away from home, she is at this moment very near it.

Heilbuth, although a German, received his art education at Paris, and was decorated with the red ribbon of the Legion of Honor.

276)

THE HORNING HAIL.





5=10 1111 47 PHILIPPE INDONI, . . Rome Borghese Villa. 25 X 31 48 ADOLPHE FOURDAN, . . . Paris Pull + 7 1 1. Met 1, 1-64, '66, 64. Virginity. 11 × 15 15 75-

WILLIAM KRAY,

Vienna

Professor of the Academy at Vienna.

P/321

Lurlei.

32 ½ x 46

Ich weiss nicht, was soll es bedeuten,
Dass ich so traurig bin;
Ein Maerchen aus alten Zeiten,
Dass kommt mir nicht aus dem Sinn.

Die Luft ist kuehl und es dunkelt, Und ruhig fliesst der Rhein; Der Gipfel des Berges funkelt, Im Abendsonnenschein.

Die schoenste Jungfrau sitzet,
Dort oben wunderbar,
Ihr goldnes Geschmeide blitzet,
Sie kaemmt Ihr goldenes Haar.

(Old German Song.)

50

The Swimming Lesson. / L

43 x 58

A young mother seated on a rugged cliff is teaching her little boy to swim in the sea. He is poised on a raft which he tightly holds with his hands. His face is slightly inclined toward the mother. He has a confident expression and his eyes seem to say—"My mamma, my good mamma is there, I am not afraid." She has no fear herself, for her brave boy has all the instincts of a little man, and she guides him with a cord securely tied around his middle. The mother, who is semi-nude, has a dear bright black eyed child clinging to her back and the baby is thoroughly enjoying the fun of her brother's swimming lesson. A sprig of fuchsia in her hand and a smile upon her face, this little chirping cherub divides our attention with that we have to bestow upon the happy faced mother and her pupil.

1321

1 1 9 0



SWIMMING LESSON.



32 , 2

100

The Naiad and her Victim.

9- 3- 3-00

38 x 53

The rocks known by the name of "Lurler" are just above St. Goar, and rise in sembre grandeur above the Rhine. The legends tell that in days of vore, a charming maiden lived on the top, and each evening sat there and combed her golden locks, or played the harp and sang melodiousy. All who saw or heard her were passionately in love with her, and many boats were drawn into the Gewirre, or whir pool, while attempting to near her home. She aid much good to the fishermen, showing them the best places to fish. The fame of her beauty and go doess attracted the son of the Pfalzgraf to see her. He ordered his boatmen to row towards the "Lurlei; they rem instrated, but in vain; they went and could see nothing on t e rock; but returning, they heard a song coming from the depths of the river. Then the waves rose as if with a storm, and raised the boat towards the rock where now the virgin appeared dressed in white and veiled. There the youth would climb to her. The boatmen sadly tried to near the rock, but he leapt out, and was swallowed by the foam ng waters. His father was determined to revenge the death of his son, and sent so diers to take the Undine prisoner, that she might be burned as a witch. She stood on the rock smiling while they chimbed up, and when they commanded her to come down she said: "The Rhine will receive me, and that will be better" When they had almost reached her, she bent towards the river, singing-

> "Hasten Inther, lovely waves, Take me quickly to your caves."

The waters rose, and two waves took her away while she sweetly sang. But the men were thrown on the rocks, and were glad to escape with their lives to the Pfalzgraf, who was convinced he had no power over her. The Undine was never seen again.

5 1 7 8 1

W. A. BOUGUEREAU, 3).

Pupil of Dir.

Medals, Paris Exposition, 1855, '57. Chevalier of the Legion of Honor, 1859. Medal at Paris Exposition, 1867. Officer of the Legion of Honor, 1876. Member of Institute of France, 1876. Medal of Honor, Paris Exposition, 1878.

Jeunes Bohemiennes.

39 x 67

To connoisseurs, William Adolphe Bouguereau is known by great art compositions of varying types. The man about town only remembers the name of this grand artist in conjunction with the lewd and the nude, but the art critic recognizes that Bouguereau is equally great in religious conceptions, in Greek studies and in pastoral scenes, as he is in a picture like the "Nymphs and

Here is a painting which seems moving on the very canvas. of this young gipsy girl penetrate themselves into one's heart. She tells a world of reminiscences in her face. She, as well as her little sister, are tinged with the brown shade of complexion inherited through the centuries of wanderings, that the strange people, her ancestors, have travelled in strange lands.

The whole earth is her home. She is a dweller in tents, as her people were before her. Young yet, she has a maiden blush upon her cheeks. She has the face of her oriental race. It may belong equally to one of the Lost Tribes, the gentle Hindoo, the disinherited Copt or the semi-barbaric Bohemian from whom she takes one of her titles. She is a Romany girl, a Gipsy, a wanderer on the face of God's earth.

Around her is a barren desolation, the vegetation of the thistle, the wierdness of sea, the bleakness of mountain and the brightness of sky that mark her well contented, but vagabond tribe. Her rags are cleanly—her very hair shows her pride, and there is a look of happiness, yet sadness, that presents her to our civilization as a type of strange, quaint and extraordinary character. In a few years she will, by the aid of palmistry, fortune telling and other eccentric superstitions, astonish the seeker after the spells of divination and wonders of futurity.

In an age of science, she and her people stand alone, as the representatives of the barbaric-folk-lore and superstitions of thousands of years ago. The little three-year-old Zingari is full of romp and all the happiness of childhood, but she has the face of a future prophetess born out of her time. As she clings to the neck and body of her sister, so will she and her tribe cleave unto each other.

The painting before us echoes the words of Réné Ménard-"M. Bouguereau's children are delightful and his composition charming; his drawing is correct.'

347,0

-1:5-3



JEUNES BOHEMIENNES.



SECOND EVENINGS SALE.

W. PERCY RICHARDSON, . London

Pennan Pool; Landscape.

53a

30 .

Sunrise, Isle of Skye.

54

A. PECQUEREAU, . : Antwerp

111

Maration 1873

Street Scene, Dusseldorf.

55

249W

EDOUARD ZAMACOIS, dec'd,

Pupil of Meissonier.

Medal at Paris, 1867.

The Picadore.

400

56

Landscape.

57

BARTOLINI.

Street in the City of Algiers.

3)~412

3176.0

31161 G. SIMONI, Rome 190 - The Court Fester. 90 Landscape in Algiers .- Waiting for the Chief. 2 - / Fishing Party at Bougival, near Paris. 210 '40 Interior of the Courtyard of the Bey of Tunis. 62 110 Torlette Arabe. 1 1 ---Street in Toledo, Spain. 17 3 = 5 /- 13 53/1

64

37m

LEON PERRAULT,

Paris

Pupil of Picot and Bouguereau.

305

Medals, Parīs, 1864, '76. Philadelphia Centennial Exposition, 1876.

Part 8

The Prayer.

17 X 12

A young girl with golden hair and blue eyes, heavenward turned, is reciting with clasped hands a prayer to the good God. In front of her, resting upon a prie-dieu, is her prayer-book. Perrault was born at Poitiers and was a pupil of Picot and Bouguereau. His two pictures, "The Bathers" and "Repose," were exhibited at the Centennial and attracted great attention.

65

VINCENTE PALMAROLI.

Paris

99

Medal, Paris Exposition 1867.

The Pretty Model.

25 X 30

This great Spanish painter has been classed, in consequence of certain peculiarities of his brush, with Fortuny and Meissonier. His name can well be allied with theirs, for his compositions have marked individuality and character which exhibit genius of the highest order. This picture presents to us a daughter of his own native Spain, who is thrumming a mandolin. She is seated, limbs crossed, upon a table, the red cover of which brings out in a telling manner her arched instep and the hues of her dress. Her face is a coquette's and her blue eyes have made many an Hidalgo's heart throb with amorous passion. Her white gleaming right arm stands out in bold relief. The background to the figure is composed of medieval tapestry, covered with quaint forms, which, weird-like, pierce the gloom of centuries. This is one of the gems of the collection.

111635

387~



ТНЕ РКЕТТУ МООКЬ.



4.11)

Sketching on the Seaside.

24, 7 20 x 31

67

GUSTAVE RICHTER, dec'd, . . .

Berlin

1000

3+700

\$530

Medals at Paris Exposition, 1855. '57, '59, and at Brussels.

Vienna, 1273.

Philadelphia, 1076.

Grand M dil it B rlin, 1814

Pr fe rand Mem r fth Snut fthe Ryl A a ems of Art in Berlin.

Mmir fth And i f Munit int Vinni

La Bajadere.

22 1/2 x 35

Richter is best known in America by the numer us chromo-lithographs which have popularized his oriental studies. He salways britiant in his colors and most careful in his details. This is a superposent of his brush. It represents a dancing odal sque. She has a fale of a most virul units beauty, and her stately figure is below the bust draped in siken ribes that rive the runbow's hues. The light shade of hir upper garment, which is a most transparent, harmonizes pleasingly with the son word dark background in lightly united bring out her shapely arms with will raism. Showing griffly with head slightly on one side and resting against a tandounce, which lead is not right shoulder. Through the moreous pillars of the Turbilla ce, in which she is disporting, can be seen the while, glowing dome and more is it a mosque

1915

721-2

68 MARTIN DIEGO RICO,

Pupil of Madrazo.

Medal at Paris Exposition, 1878. Chevalier of the Legion of Honor, 1878.

Entrance to the Grand Canal, Venice.

16 x 28

This is a first-class example of the careful work of the Spanish painter, Rico. It is a view on the canal at Venice. The blue sky above, the white palazzos with their red roofs and the limpid water in which their reflections are mirrored, make up a scene of almost crystalline beauty. Even the few dark gondolas and boats on the canal add to this effect. So wonderfully alive is this representation of a scene in Venice, that one needs not go to the city of the Doges to learn what Venetian scenery is.

LUCIUS ROSSI,

Pupil of Fortuny. Medals in Parma, Turin, R me, Milan, Bologna and Naples.

Fishing Party in the Garden of Fontainebleau.

13 x 16

HENDRICK F. SCHAEFELS, .

Vy Marking. The Return from Hawking.

32 X,39

(41 N)

1 15

69





SNOW STORM IN THE PYRENEES MOUNTAINS.

14415 71 A. F. A. SCHENCK,

Ecouen

Pupil & Cant.

Mai, 1865.

Philadelphia Continues Extens 1, 1876.

Charlier of the Order of Christ of Pringell and I I it list the Cath lie.

Snow-storm in the Pyrenees Mountains.

36 x 55

This picture of a flock of sheep hubbled together in a snow-sterm, was one of the entures at Philadelphia. Rams, she p and lambs are all herded in one frightened and shivering group. The drifting snow has terrified them beyond animal endurance and the lord of the flook, with his hoad upraised, is pit-ously b eating for the shepherd, whose care all wish to be under. The lambkin to the right has an anxious and pitful expression on its face, that is a most human, The goal mother warming it with her caress a is a study of muturnal solic tude.

This is a printing equal to anything Lands or or Binheur ever attempted. There is no greater painter of sheep than Schanck. In fact, with such a compos tion before one, we need not won ler that the Paris Figure's art critic, in 1878,

"A bert Schenck is certainly one of the most original figures of the contemp raneous artistic gallery; I should like to have the time to paint in ful this robust companion, born in Halstein, annexed by Pruss'a without asking, and adopted by France because he wished it. All the world to-day regards Schenck as one of our first animal-painters. He is one of these originals, of a species not vet extinct, who pre er ligs to min, and in Is mines vectness in ship than in women. With such fancies one haves the environments for the fields, and has invito do with animals. Our arast has taken this part of r lowing profoundly study d n's fell w creatur's. Retired to Ecolon, to a firm, ledo's notice milst of even, des, gras asses holds and shaped all yes, rues, and sports; cross r them, cutivites them I ves them, at I alive the order a test studied his in cls. He knows letter than my one their lebitual his vor, their ivertage s, their preferred attitudes, as I the mobile play of their physiun in es. By means of studying early the jays and gives of the emplest component and humble servants company by his pin that it to immust necessis thers us, which he knows how to show its off tires of strking told. His animas has Is are pertraits particularized and all the case with Colonia, Duble, and I mat give to the lumin mask. The plane with the explict to all mider the tate of "Angleses, is jut to to the first diegres. At only s been let, ongon the ground, using to blood the lety troop of a lord a ound. The ravens, with their insulable insulable insulable properties of doubt, and a let the right, their single circle is a leaf in the least on in the least of the right. The motion is there is a right for the right of the right of the right of the right of the right. creature! the late when the late it is in red in number of the late when the late is a red in the late is a red in the late when the late is a red in the late when the late is a red in the late when with the first literature draming the great and significant to the men for actors and vict ms.

71-40

ADOLPHE SCHREYER, 4 Medals, 1864, '65.

Paris Expans 4510 \$1900 Wallachian Horses on the Lower Danube. 20 X 42 1/2 Schreyer is as great in the delineation of horses as Schenck is in the portrayal of animals of a lower brute creation. He here exhibits a Wallachian

rustic scene. In the background is the farmhouse of a Danubian peasant, to which the team in the fore are slowly and laboriously working their way. With such a rugged road to travel, it is not to be wondered at that ten horses are wanted, with two drivers, to drag a cumbersome, heavily laden cart along it. If Henry Bergh were in Wallachia, he would probably arrest the stout peasant in command, for driving his animals on such a rocky road. The poor, unhappy spavined brutes are the very picture of desolation; particularly the one nearest the cart, and on which the driver is riding.

This is a wonderful picture and depicts animal life in vivid colors. "Courrier Artistique" tells the story of what the French art authorities think about

this German master:

"Schreyer joins to a grand and bold conception, a profoundly poetic sentiment; this makes him both German and French. His manner as well as his talent has two natures; it recalls both Delacroix and Fromentin. His color is a happy mingling of the dreamy tones of the one and the powerful colors of the other. And one should above all admire it for the incontestable originality thus manifested in this mingling-a quality one does not look for in a man whose character and manner have different aspects. All that I say of the color of Schreyer may also be applied to his drawing. His lines, clear and vague at the same time, are, in spite of these two distinct qualities, strangely personal with this artist. From all this the great talent of Schreyer seems like something much more than talent.

73

H. SCHMIECHEN,

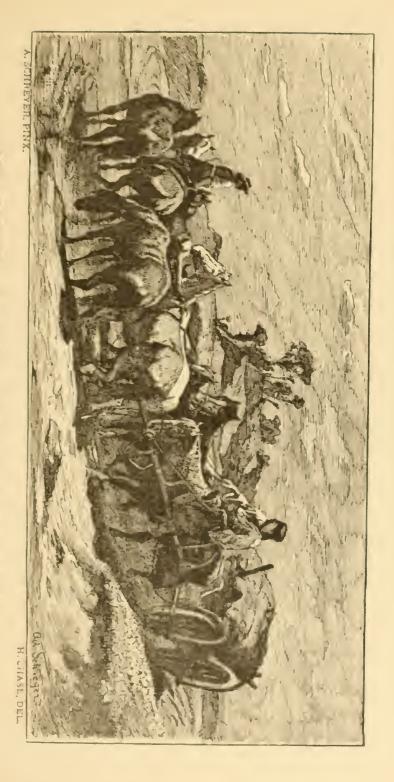
Munich

Head of a Lady.

9 x 10½

48650

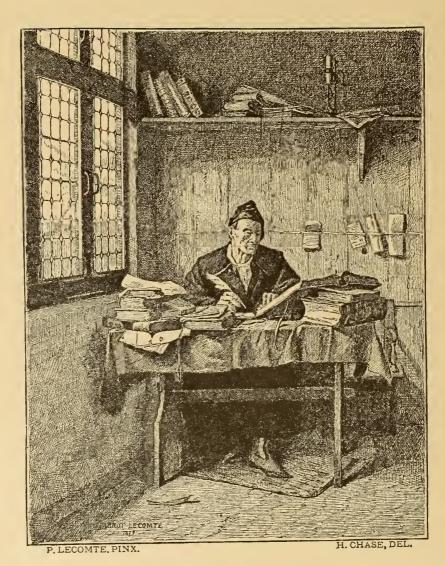
2/0



WHILLHCHIHN HORSES ON THE LOWER DANGE.







UN SAVANT.

G. H. TERRASA.

Rome

950

Pupi & Frium

Fortuny's Atelier.

15 x 2712

Terrasa, in this delightful composition, has given us a charming remembrance of Fortuny. It is the great Spainsh master's studio. Paintings upon which the celebrated colorist spent months of arduous labor are upon the walls. That on the butfet is a miniature copy of one which is known to have brought a high price. Surrounding it are objects of vertu that artists and connoisseurs love to have near them. Narghillies, porcelain, oriental weapons, embroillered silks and the like are hung together in pleasing and promiscuous confusion. A death mask acts as a vis-a-vis companion to a polch nello's head. Above the buffet and toning down the vellow frescoed will are a chasuble and archbishop's mitre. The artist, in a kind of maccaroni costume, is studying a decelletée female model who is habited in oriental dress. She is gracefully poising her arms above her head. The bare floor of the foreground is relieved by a Turkish rug.

75

PH. PARROT LECOMTE, . . . Paris

£605

Pupil of Meiss nier.

22/

Un Savant.

20 X 25 12

A bibliophilistic savant is engaged besil a window from which the light is streaming up in his lit rary lab r. Around him are a number of old folios, out if the of which, he is gleaning a mine of willow, which he will later claim as his own prefound erudition. Behind him on the wall are four folled manuscripts ready for reference. On the shelf allowe are more old books and a candle that bet kens he carries his company and writing far into the early morning hours. This is a study very much after the old Dutch school, and which M. Lecomte has evidently accepted as a model.

11150

15 665-

4566

J. J. A. LECOMTE-DU-NOUY, . Paris

2000

Pupil of Gleyre, Gerome and Signal.

. W }'

Medals, 1866, '69, '72. Legion of Honor, 1876. Hors Concours. run

Christians at the Tomb of the Holy Virgin at Ferusalem.

52 X 34

This great picture of Lecomte-du-Nouy was exhibited at the Salon of Paris in 1878. It is full of the suggestion we should expect from a pupil of Gérome. A number of devout worshippers surround the traditional tomb of the Holy Mother at Jerusalem. The red light pouring through the open door and gleaming through the slit-cross above the portal, indicates that a religious ceremony is in progress within the chapel that covers the Sacred Shrine. A group of fervent believers, native Christains, outside, show reverence and ardent faith. Some of them are Pilgrims from afar off. They have come to ask blessings from the Holy Virgin. The principal figure, among them, is a mother filled with devout enthusiasm and hope. She believes that her sickly son, beside her, will be cured of his disease. A weakly, ailing child in the last stages of physical prostration lies outstretched at the feet of his mother, who turns her imploring eyes to the Throne of Grace. Almost within the door is a cripple reading prayers and hoping that his lameness will leave him.

On the left hand of the portal and guarding the shrine is a Mohammedan functionary accourted with swords, pistols and daggers. He listlessly smokes his pipe and superciliously ignores the Christian rabble. In the distance are the hills of Zion, and typical of Moslemism a vulture is lowering over the sacred city, while the new moon, emblematic of the Blessed Mother, is rising in the azure which is tipped with the golden gleams of the setting sun.

This is a painting full of tender, religious sentiment, overflowing with a wonderful diversity of color, and representing a scene from which a lesson must be learned by all who view it in a proper spirit.

5 (1,6)





ТЕМРЧЯТІОИ ОК ЅЧ. ЯКЧНОКУ.

7)

5/

77

ALEXANDRE LOUIS LELOIR, Paris

Putil f his Fath r.

Medal, 1864, '68, '73. Charler of the I sin of Il nr. 1576. Milat Paris Ext. iti n. 1878.

Temptation of St. Anthony.

3912 X 2512

This is Lefoir's best work. The subject is familiar to ail readers of the "Lives of the Saints. It is not treated however, in accordance with the usually accepted legen I. Two volupturus and laseryous sirens are tempting the Saint from the paths of Chris ranity and actue. The struggle is very bitter indam ist a mis to be on the side of the pr. stes is of Priquis. The homet, himspartally droped in a dray rancus r ., has thrown her a ms around hen in her a will as her fill will bin le temptriss ir pring the eves of the sing and sensual stell in any into his virtus and file at of into the pullighted day, ters of single bruising the venture of the film of the film. the Church. The si keng iss and the horizon the others in the minimum or the gooms side of the Egyptin many hill. He characteristic when all ugh a most broken in the unity flav with evil, at the confrom the mach nations of the enemies of Crost. The cross shot or roots on the pla i volaries of Venus

The asset like of the religious enthular trady to the elimited group rea skull, a ji her il water and a crestillation ed tillian il tillian of Catherany, ar ranscent of the political particle which and a fill of the

by the walle the light and the dark

CLLLO

78

GABRIEL MAX,

Munich

Medals, at Vienna Exposition, 1873; Berlin, 1874; Munich, 1876. Professor of the Royal Academy of Fine Arts at Munich. Honorary Member of the Royal Academies of Berlin, Vienna and Amsterdam.

Maternal Happiness. 12

24 X 3 I

This painting by a prominent member of the Munich school has much in common with the Madonnas of Raffaele of Urbino. In fact the blue sky in the background is very suggestive of the great Italian master. It is a mother with an infant in her arms. Maternal solicitude is expressed in the downward glance she gives to her babe, while the little one looks up with all the love and fervor that its puny heart is capable of. Mr. S. G. W. Benjamin, in his "Contemporary Arts in Europe," gives the first place in the Munich school to Max and Böchlin and says—"artists and public are alike agreed upon the surpassing character of Max's works."

79

Reverie.

10 X 14

This is another Study by Gabriel Max and shows his power and originality. Brown is the predominating color and contrasts with charming effect against the white of the drapery and complexion of the lovely female head he has depicted. Like his "Gretchen" it is "a wonderful conception marvellously carried out."

1/25 Jant 4750

17200



MATERNAL HAPPINESS.



RAIMOND DE MADRAZO,

Paris

Pupil fhi bahr

Medal, 1878 Legin of Hnr, 1878.

Spanish Dance.

16 x 25 1/2

Just

A half-breed domestic is dancing the opening steps of the *l-lero* or *cachuca* to the twanging music of her young in stress gui.ar. It is a semi-Andalusan, semi-South American group. There is a wirll of an mation on the face of the musician and a happy, good-nature l simile wire its the features of the dancing servant, whose black hair is decorated with searly flowers. The contrast letween the bronze of her complexion and the white gard in wall, near which she is standing, are worked out with a limitable effect. There is a good deal of careful technique in this pleasing picture.

81

635

Bal Masque.

19¹2 X 31

82

FRANK DE MESGRIGNY,

Paris

650

Pupil f W rms.

Environs de Lagne.

24 X 40

417

المراج الما

ADRIEN MOREAU,

Paris

Pupil of Pils.

210

Medals, 1876 and 1879.

Strolling thro' the Woods.

19 X 25 1/2

84

PIERRE OUTIN.

400

Pupil of Cabanel.

Honorable Mention, 1879.

400

Femmes Marociannes.

19½ x 25½

85

AUGUSTE TOULMOUCHE.

Paris

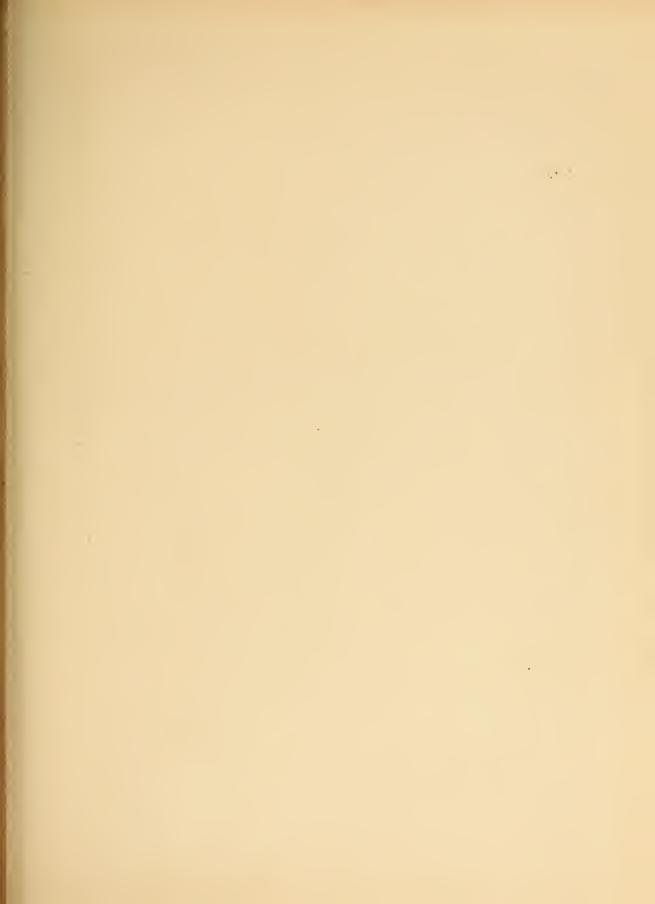
Pupil of Gleyre.

Medals, 1852, '59, '61. Legion of Honor, 1870. Medal, at Paris Expo. itun, 1878.

Les Fleurs.

16 x 24 1/2 6/7)

1 / 3 / -





LE CŒUR S'EVEILLE.

6/8/0

ANATOLE VELY, dec'd.

3025

Pur Sari

Julia, 1874 7.1 188.

Le Caur s'Eveille.

9513 X 5512

A rendel in colors. Pectry, remance, love, aristocracy, sentlity and budding maidenho d'are al lien led in one grand and delicious conception. Anatole Vely offers us in this subject the story of the awakening which arouses virgin fancies and mak's a woman of a girl. This quant concert aptly illustrates the Leginning of the desire for love and affection which bursts into the hearts of maldens of 10th high and low degree, anke under palace roof and in the humblest ett. We here have a good, old gran limother of long lineage and lordly family teaching her descendant, of the second generation, history and romance from an old chronicle. A story has been read by the stern, yet loving old dame, which has sudden v brought the heart of the grandchild to an understanding of herself and weman's mission, as well as of love. It is perchance the story of some to uvere - r gal at t knight who for the sake of dear love, perhaps in the t urnament or in the battle field who by one of those noble acts of chivalry which marked mod eval civilization, has enlightened this young, haughty maiden's scul. But whatever it is, which is rounde ay or prose, the barbed shaft of Cupid Las per etrit. Her brain and hout, in I thus hid the seeds for some hero knighted amid wars terms, or some courtly noble, to win, and woo this young scion of the niblisse.

So so ry nich hold to describe in blazonry broidered on silken cost in or lord to divice over the grandmether's chair to tell us that this made in soft blue bod. Her patrician hands, her aristocratic features, her Concident and her stately post young as she is, all prove that shous the daughter of a hundred cress. She is a Vire-de-Vere, or is of some Bayard sans four et sans represented in both last, or is of the stock of some DeG innevalle de Vaucouleur, who cancest its vere the friends of Kings and the great Lords of the soft. And the other partition her herse of whibits the same traits, although age and possibly are that a nice of their firm, dried up the bood within her veins, and with red the arms of the need the high reclining chair and resting place for their weary we got. She has the face of Louis the XIth

It is improved to imagine a in recar of wiring the intercomposition. Delicate and undows to Imagine a major which in corry dead to the convist. The very type in the data of the convist in major which has an unlithermal length of the first section to find the figures, particularly the girls such at vin, we can more time on the prenty runting. The musicular terms the

14760

030)0

disregarded loose vellum rolls seem falling off the canvas. The carpet on the dais, the rings and the hands of the grandmother and the form of the grandchild unite in making a perfect picture, and one of such high character that its like has

rarely been offered for sale in the auction room.

This work proves Vely to be as great a painter as either Meissonier or Rembrandt. There is not an inharmonions detail in the breadth and length of the composition. It well deserves the eulogy which Vely's "Talking Well," now in the Corcoran Gallery, obtained from the art critic who wrote:—"This charming picture is by one of the leading figure painters of France. The color throughout is harmonious—its sentiment delicately expressed."

This picture, unlike Vely's other works, has never been reproduced in any

shape. He died before he could make a replica.

87

T. VERHEYDEN, . .

. Brussels

Sheep and Girl.

3Q X 22

1 N

88

EMILE VAN MARCKE,.

Paris

2750

Medals, 1867, '69, '70.

Chevalier of the Legion of Honor, 1872.

Medal at Paris Exposition, 1878.

Hors Concours.

Cattle.

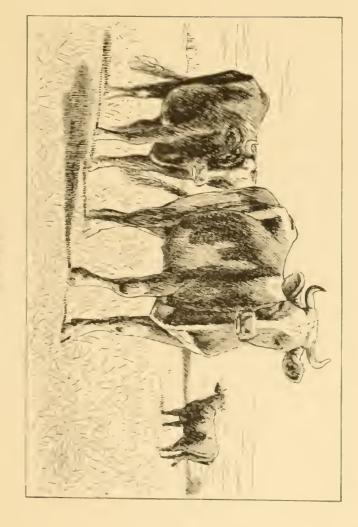
200

45 x 32 1/2

Van Marcke, the great French cattle painter, was never seen to better advantage than in the group here exhibited. This picture is by Van Marcke. That is all that need be said. "Good wine needs no bush."

(5/1)

7-1610



CHIVILE.







LE CONNOISSEUR DE FAIENCE.

670/0

D. FOSE VILLEGAS, . . . Rome

65000

500

Pufil f F rtuni.

Per -Le Connoisseur de Faience.

71/2 x 101/2

Villegas offers in this charming little bit of color, work which cannot be approached by any master who has attempted to paint compositions in which taience and porcelain appear. A connoisseur is engaged in admiring the beauties of a placque, which probably Palissy fabricated, and which appeals to his dilettante taste. He has just taken it from a cabinet in which there are other specimens of the potter's art. There is a vast amount of good color in this work of Villegas. Particu'ar attention should be called to the cloissonné enamel pitcher and basin, which stand in front of the cabinet. Villegas is seen to the very best advantage in this fascinating work which brings together the delights of both painting and ceramics.

90

FERDINAND WAGNER.

Munich

1411

Pupil of Pilots.

Evening Devotion.

16 x 26

6621-4

96

73-60

J. G. MEYER-VON-BREMEN, . Berlin

2000

Pupil of Sohn.

Gold Medal, Prussia, 1850.

2500

The Little Sweet-tooth.

Meyer Von Bremen's study of a little girl, who on her way to school is stealing a march upon her noontide lunch, is full of innocent delight and rustic charm. Slate and school-books are disregarded. As the kerchiefed youngster looks at us with her head perked birdlike on one side she seems to say—"Oh my, ain't it good. It tastes just too nice for anything. Isn't this little Hennie-Pennie having a splendid time." The sunlight streaming over the broken gate on the lowest step of which she is seated, illumines the whole of the picture. It is only eclipsed by the happy child, whose bright face with its peach-like bloom is the centre of this charming work of art.

97

F. MICAS,

4. Paris

400

Pupil of Rosa Bonheur.

Cattle in Pastures.

The color and careful work given us in this cattle scene, show incontestably hat this painting is executed by not only a pupil, but a rival of Rosa Bonheur.

71.960

721.00

17965 95 EUGENE ISABET, dec'd, Paris Profes In Fuer. The Us 182 , '27 '55. (E. U.) L ... H 1, 1832. 1 . 1 / Hn1. 1852 French Sea Port. This is not contained by an Las usual is a marine subject of great power. As I leade in all an officer us it belongs to the French school, the c lebrated at states are due: Galle traco in. It flaps defiantly in the breeze, FELLY ZIEM. **Paris** 1/ 1551 and Fir I Class, 1552. A 1 = 5 Pus Ext un Una rsel. C ft I. in f II nr. 1857. rf Linf Hnr 1878. 1/00 H C no ur Grand Canal, Vence. Vanish of Variety of Ziem. The palace of the Doges, the pillars s it knows to the shoul It can be usy which mirrors before the the first of the Alfred to present to us in this glorious specimen Visite and the state of the case of the ca · Fort it is mill to the learnes of the Almatic, Venice, the city of enchantir mis and ar in personal tower has such a fiscination for Ziem, that in college for an orticle somes and tell monopoly for his talent, so much so tetin x = n n | n rv tin mentij n einrav wof Ven e, n t s gn - La value But a la region le Venice is oper mal that one could no decreased by the morning to In the Collection Laurent-Richard, Venice appears to as a an online evening. It has rained all day; but the v,

n der Joseph trained by one left courts of an orange unt, which the in the first of the last talks min has it shifted purple shade of the etters s to The rend Larger of St. Have re- it all in the librance if we the hr hat the same of the poynok there about the a robust helt, could contract the first of the could be and one files back or provide or order to show the mea-

739-21

7590N

100

CHARLES LOUIS MULLER,

Pupil of Gros and Cogniet.

1 3800

77511

Chevalier of the Legion of Honor, 1849. Medals, 1838, '46, '48, and Paris Exposition, 855. Officer of the Legion of Honor, 1859. Member of the Institute, 1864.

Roll Call of the Last Victims of the Reign of Terror.

80 x 45

This is one of the greatest historical paintings produced in this century. It has been so popularized through engraved copies that it hardly needs description. It could stand on its own merits.

A replica is in the collection of Mr. John Jacob Astor and has been credited to his gallery in the "Art Treasures of America." This was painted before the

The vivid pens of Carlyle and Thiers have told the story here represented with all the force that language can bring to illumine the hideous incidents, of the Reign of Terror, which appalled Humanity by the horror of its history.

Nearly all the figures depicted in this picture are historical and from actual And they recall, the instant we gaze upon this composition, the words of that victim of the French Revolution, Madame Roland, who said-"Oh

Liberty! what crimes are committed in thy name."

Not a line printed in any work chronicles the terrible days of Robespierre and Marat in such forcible language as this great picture does. We are here standing right in the middle of the fearful scene. We are living and breathing in 1793. Here, are grouped officers of the National Convention representing Democracy. There, are the terror stricken children of Aristocracy, who are in half an hour's time to expiate the crimes committed against God and civilization upon the common people for centuries. Noble, priest, Vendean, bourgeois, and the other friends of Monarchy, both male and female, are before us. In the centre stands the grim official calling out the death docket. Beside him and seated is a hideous mockery of a man, a turnkey, who with solemn and impassioned face watches the soul tortures of the condemned. Some of those called off are already in the tumbril and one unfortunate wretch, a woman, is being hustled outside the gate into the fatal death-cart. Two of the old noblesse are painfully watching her struggles and heroically awaiting their turn. The name just called out has brought a victim to her knees in front of a friend of order, while another is placing his arms around her form to drag her to the portals of death.

61415



ROLL CHIL OR THE LAST VICTIMS OF THE REIGN OF TERROR.



The roll goes on and is listened to with blanched countenances. All expect the next name may be theirs. On the right of the picture a father is bidding adieu to his wife and child. Near them is seated a mother with her babe on her lap. The infant is perhaps destined for the same fate that is impending over the mother on whose breast she is now slumbering so sweetly. Next to them is a bishop in a violet coat and with an Episcopal cross around his neck. With one hand, he biesses a drughter of the old regime whose face has marked upon it an expression of intense, yet anxious agony. One of the people who stands above this pair is pointing the finger of denunciation at a lady of high birth whose features greatly resemble those of the Princess de Lamballe.

The other persons on the right hand side of the Conciergerie are as full of expressions of terror and indignation as those just called attention to.

Above the gloup on the left hand side of the prison the tri-color flaps in the gloom. Upon it is the motto of the newly born republic "Liberté, Egalité, Fraternite," to which is a lde lithe two words from the Marseillaise "Ou Mort" (or diath). In the background are a group of members of the Assembly who are watching the struggles of the doomed victims. In the front row on the left hand side is an old Marquise who with resary in hand is calling to heaven for protection. A gendarme is tening a hopeless and helpless father from his young daug iter whose arms old gitch him while he looks forward wretchedly, with his hands in a final grasping in these of the wife whom he has to leave never to meet again in earth.

The centre figure coal is booking forward into futurity with his right hand holding a penul with which he has been writing.

The key to the painting informs us who the actual characters represented are And é Chenier is in the fire round, with a face full of poetic inspiration, inditing his last lines, stanzas deporing his untimely fate. The other characters are: -MIII. de Count, abject and te ro-stricken, whom the Holy Bishop of Agde, C. F. S. de Saint Simon, is blossing; the Princess of Grimaldi-Monaco, nee Stainville, with in hand in her billing, the other on the back of her chair, whose face remains us at one and the same times. Midme Roland and the chère am e : the 'Wid w Ca; et : the Prin ess de Lambaile; the Countess de Nart nne-P t n e P, re urt, with an exhausted at pearance, is seated to the left if the Marquis de Roque at e, whose face is a study of human agony and whose name is synonym us with hi ricity; the poet J. A. Roucher, is behind the French not et the agenized Countess de Periger l, née Virville, is seated, infant in arms: Mdme. C. Let etier, Princess de Chimay, is struggling outside the Conserger. It was and watching he fee e leart rending en leavirs are the Mirquis G. de Milliambert, with signify turned head and C. F. Rougeot de Mortinf, "ex-salie-u-corps," P. Durant Phy-Déverne, "ex maître des condition, with eyes up tailued, is near by laying thrower to he wife and daughter; Mit e. A. Ler ... ctress if the Concine I raneaise, is, with a ramatic and imploring gestiller, in her knows in front of the tri-color cockaded officer of the Revolutionary Iribu al, we is calling the victims out to death the Marchiness Colbert de Mirries sie y and a utry tilling hir bads; J. L. M. Aucanne, "exm - c mp s n - n - ary, s n | r | 115 lau hter, sa ding close by a life Major the mity prest of he Hiller linu, at I near to the model trace like Captain A Leaux, (1919 251 Classurs, and J.F. Antié de Le nail. Mire Air nettes hair le er, wir sluste na vawaiting his name.



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The great art critic James Jackson Jarvis in his "Art Thoughts" says:— "Muller's great picture of the 'Call of the Condemned' of the Reign of Terror is perhaps the best composed historical painting of our time. None that I know better fulfills the requirements of this branch of art, as a realistic narrative. It carries the spectator directly into the scene as it must have appeared on that morning when the last of Robespierre's victims were wantonly hurried to the guillotine. Muller drags it bodily out of the past, and puts it before our eyes in its precise truth, without dramatic exaggeration, or attempt to heighten anguish and despair sufficiently intense in their own naked reality. It is a conscientiously told tale. The officials, at whose action we are aghast, are justly treated; made men doing a stern duty, not ensanguined monsters. There are fifty masterly pictures, each a pathetic tale by itself; every separate group and individual action diversified in emotion, but filling its place with appropriate feeling in the harmonious whole; all subdued to an appropriate key of light, in fine gradation, centered outside the prison-door, where waits the cart which is fast filling with its dismal load. There is no attempt at an imaginative treatment, as in Couture's picture, but in place of it a picturesque rendering of the spectacle, based upon a thorough study of incidents, costumes, persons, and locality, with copious variety of action and expression. It is devoid of academic artificiality on the one hand, and of the extreme of conventional idealism on the other. Sincerity and sympathy are joined to unquestioned skill and rare talent in composition. , Delacroix, by his grand manner, writes his autograph all over his work, and we are led to think as much of the artist as his subject. Poussin, Ingres, and like men represent systems or theories, and provoke comparisons. Delaroche excites the sentiments by his poetical sense, but his defective style of painting detracts from the enjoyment. Even the Couture which hangs opposite recalls the studio overmuch as a composition, besides being spotty in high lights, and securing brilliancy at such sacrifice of unity of tone and color as to make it border on the Muller attempts nothing that he cannot do sensational in general effect. thoroughly well, and in a quiet, truth-telling manner. His system gives all to art, regardless of exhibiting the artist. The painting is not the highest effort, but it is a success in high art complete in its way. Muller paints history as Motley writes it, picturesquely, and with insight into its emotions."

The following is a translation of a letter of Mr. Ch. L. Muller to Messrs.

Goupil & Go.

Paris, Sept. 9, 1881.

DEAR MR. GOUPIL:

In answer to your letter of the 8th inst. I herewith affirm that the reproduction of my picture entitled "Dernières Victimes de la Terreur" which I executed for you and delivered in 1863 is the first one signed by me. There existed before, a smaller picture which I painted for the Count de Pareval, who ordered it to put in a few portraits of his family, in the composition.

[SIGNED.] CH. L. MULLER, M. P.

The original of this letter will be given to the purchaser of the painting.



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